

Johannes Hömberg

Lieder
und
Songs

1992 bis 1999

für Regina

Inhaltsverzeichnis

Bertolt Brecht: Tierverse	5
Es war einmal ein Adler	8
Es war einmal ein Rabe	12
Es war einmal ein Kamel	14
Es war einmal eine Ziege	16
Es war einmal eine Kellerassel	18
Es war einmal ein Pferd	20
Heine-Lieder	23
Freundschaft, Liebe	26
Und als ich euch meine Schmerzen geklagt	28
Doch die Kastraten klagten	32
Gaben mir Rat und gute Lehren	38
Und bist du erst mein ehlich Weib	44
Six Songs	47
Try to remember	50
A Nightingale sang in Berkeley Square	58
As time goes by	66
All the things you are	74
Tiefe Fassung in G	74
Hohe Fassung in C	80
I'm a fool, to love you	84
What's new?	92

Sechs Tierverse
von Bertolt Brecht
für Singstimme und Klavier

April 1992

HWV 626

für Regina

Bertolt Brecht: Tierverse

Es war einmal ein **Adler**,
Der hatte viele Tadler,
Die machten ihn herunter
Und haben ihn verdächtigt,
Er könne nicht schwimmen im Teich.
Da versuchte er es sogleich
Und ging natürlich unter.
(Der Tadel war also berechtigt.)

Es war einmal ein **Rabe**,
Ein schlauer alter Knabe,
Dem sagte ein Kanari, der
In seinem Käfig sang: Schau her,
Von Kunst
Hast du keinen Dunst.
Der Rabe sagte ärgerlich:
Wenn du nicht singen könntest,
Wärst du so frei wie ich.

Es war einmal ein **Kamel**,
Das sah in Posermuckel
Einen Mann mit einem Buckel.
Es blickte auf ihn scheel
Und sagte: Nebenbei -
Ich habe zwei.

Es war einmal eine **Ziege**,
Die sagte: An meiner Wiege
Sang man mir, ein starker Mann
Wird kommen und mich frein.
Der Ochse sah sie komisch an
Und sagte zu dem Schwein:
Das wird der Metzger sein.

Es war einmal eine **Kellerassel**,
Die geriet in ein Schlamassel.
Der Keller, in dem sie asselte,
Brach eines schönen Tages ein,
So dass das ganze Haus aus Stein
Ihr auf das Köpfchen prasselte.
Sie soll religiös geworden sein.

Es war einmal ein **Pferd**,
Das war nicht sehr viel wert.
Für das Rennen war es zu dumm,
Vor den Wagen gespannt, fiel es um.
Da wurde es Politiker,
Es ist jetzt hoch geehrt.

Es war einmal ein Adler

HWV 626,1

D ~ 63 Ruhig schwebend

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and common time (indicated by '6/8'). The middle staff uses a treble clef and common time (indicated by '6/8'). The bottom staff uses a bass clef and common time (indicated by '6/8'). The music is divided into measures numbered 1 through 12. Measure 1 starts with a rest followed by a melodic line. Measure 2 has a rest. Measures 3 and 4 contain the lyrics 'Es war ein - mal ein'. Measure 5 starts with 'Ad - ler,'. Measure 6 has a rest. Measures 7 and 8 contain the lyrics 'der'. Measure 9 starts with 'hat - te vie - le'. Measure 10 starts with 'Tad - ler.'. Measures 11 and 12 contain the lyrics 'Die mach - ten ihn her - un -'. Performance markings include 'Ruhig schwebend' at the beginning, dynamic 'p' in measure 3, dynamic 'mf' in measure 6, and 'sfz' in measure 11.

1 2 3 4

(A)

5 6 7 8

(B)

9 10 11 12

(C)

Es war ein - mal ein

Ad - ler,

der

hat - te vie - le Tad - ler.

Die mach - ten ihn her - un -

16 rit. 17 18 (D)

kön - ne nicht schwim - men im Teich.

p

19 (E) 20 21 poco a poco rit.

Da ver - such - te er es so - gleich

22 **F** 23 24
 und ging na - tür - lich un - - ter.

25 26 **G** 27
 Der Ta - del war al - so be -

28 29
 rech - tigt.

Es war einmal ein Rabe

HWV 626,2

HWV 626,2

$\text{d} \sim 63$

1

(A) *parlando* 2

Es war ein - mal ein Ra - be, ein

3

schlau - er al - ter Kna - be, dem sag - te ein Ka - na - ri, der in

4

5

rallentando

sei-nem Kä-fig sang: Schau her, von Kunst

6

a tempo

7

rallentando

hast du kei-nen

11 *Cadenza ad lib.* 12 (E)

du nicht sin - gen könn - test, wärst

13 *grandioso*

14

15

du so frei wie ich!

ff

Es war einmal ein Kamel

HWV 626,3

1 ~ 63

2

A 3 monoton

Gleichmäßig schreitend

Es war ein - mal ein Ka -

4

B 5 6

mel, das sah in Po - se - mu - ckel ei - nen

7

C 8 9

Mann mit ei - nem Bu - ckel. Es blick - te auf ihn

Es war einmal eine Ziege

HWV 626,4

HWV 626,4

$\text{d} \sim 63$

1 2 3 4 5 6

Es war ein - mal ei - ne Zie - ge,

sff p

7 8 9 10 11 12

die sag - te: An mei - ner Wie - -

sff p

13 14 15 16 17 18

ge sang man mir: Ein star -

(A)

(B)

(C) forte

con grandezza

19 20 21 22 23 24 25 **D**

ker Mann wird kom - men und mich frein. Der

26 27 28 29 30 31 (E)

Och - se sah sie ko - misch an und

sfz

p

gesprochen:
trocken, emotionslos

32 33 34 35 36 37 38

sag - te zu dem Schwein:
Das wird der
Metzger sein!

sfz

colla 8va bassa

Es war einmal eine Kellerassel

HWV 626,5

1 Sehr langsam ♩ ~ 40 2 3 A

pp

4 düster 5 6

war ein-mal ei-ne Kel-ler-as-sel,

wie anfangs

7 B 8 9 C 10 sehr langsam und leise beginnen

die ge - riet in ein Schla - massel. Der Kel - ler in dem sie

dann poco a poco crescendo e molto accelerando

11 as - sel - te, brach ei - nes 12 Ta - ges plötz - lich ein, so dass das

Adagissimo ($\text{♩} \sim 72$)

Mit zartester Empfindung
lunga (F)

molto ritardando

15 giös ge - wor - den sein.

16

Es war einmal ein Pferd

HWV 626,6

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 6/8. The lyrics for this section are: "Es war ein - mal ein". The middle staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 6/8. It includes a dynamic instruction: "p ma ben articulato". The bottom staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 6/8. The lyrics for the middle section are: "Pferd, das war nicht sehr viel". The bottom staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes. The third section begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 6/8. The lyrics are: "wert. Für das Ren - nen war es zu". This section features a dynamic marking "f" and includes two measures highlighted with rectangular brackets.

1

2

Es war ein - mal ein

p ma ben articulato

3

4

Pferd, das war nicht sehr viel

5

(A)

6

wert. Für das Ren - nen war es zu

7 (B) 8 9
 dum, vor den Wa - gen ge - spannt, fiel es um.
 ritardando

10 (C) Molto meno mosso 11 12
 Da wur - de es Po - li - ti - ker.
 a tempo

13 (D) 14 15
 Es ist jetzt hoch - ge - ehrt!

Fünf Heine-Lieder

September 1993 HWV 624

Für Regina,
die große Heine-Verehrerin

Freundschaft, Liebe

aus: "Lyrisches Intermezzo"

Johannes Hömberg "Fünf Heine-Lieder" 1993

Freundschaft, Liebe, Stein der Weisen,
diese dreie hört ich preisen,
und ich pries und suchte sie;
aber ach! ich fand sie nie.

Freundschaft, Liebe

HWV 642,1

Maestoso

1 2 3 4

Freund-schaft, Lie - be, Stein der Wei-sen,

poco fz

5 (A) 6 7 (B) 8

die - se drei - e hört ich prei-sen, und ich pries und such-te sie,
poco ... a ... poco ... crescendo ... ff

9 (C) 10 11 12 13

a - ber ach! Ich fand sie nie.

fz = p

Und als ich euch meine Schmerzen geklagt

aus: "Die Heimkehr"

Johannes Hömberg "Fünf Heine-Lieder" 1993

Und als ich euch meine Schmerzen geklagt,
da habt ihr gegähnt und nichts gesagt;
doch als ich sie zierlich in Verse gebracht,
da habt ihr mir große Elogen gemacht.

Und als ich euch meine Schmerzen geklagt

HWV 642,2

The musical score consists of three systems of music. System 1 (measures 1-3) starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure 1 has a fermata over the first note. Measure 2 has a fermata over the first note. Measure 3 begins with a basso continuo part (marked A). The vocal line continues: "Und als ich euch". System 2 (measures 4-5) starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure 4 has a fermata over the first note. Measure 5 begins with a basso continuo part. The vocal line continues: "meine Schmerzen geklagt,". System 3 (measures 6-7) starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure 6 has a fermata over the first note. Measure 7 begins with a basso continuo part. The vocal line continues: "da habt ihr ge - gähnt und". The vocal parts are written in soprano and alto voices.

8

nichts ge - sagt.

9

Doch

(C)

10

als ich sie zier - lich in Ver - se ge - bracht,

da

11

12

(D)

13

habt ihr mir gro ße E - lo - - - gen ge - macht.

14

15

Doch die Kastraten klagten

aus: "Die Heimkehr"

Johannes Hömberg "Fünf Heine-Lieder" 1993

Doch die Kastraten klagten,
als ich meine Stimme erhob;
Sie klagten und sie sagten:
ich singe viel zu grob.

Und lieblich erhoben sie alle
die kleinen Stimmelein,
die Trillerchen wie Kristalle,
sie klangen so fein und so rein.

Sie sangen von Liebessehnen,
von Liebe und Liebeserguss;
Die Damen schwammen in Tränen
bei solchem Kunstgenuss.

Doch die Kastraten klagten

HWV 642,3

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and A major. The middle staff is also in treble clef, 3/4 time, but starts in E major (indicated by a key signature of one sharp) and changes to G major (indicated by a key signature of one sharp). The bottom staff is in bass clef, 3/4 time, and A major. The lyrics are written below the notes. Measure 1: "Doch die Ka - stra - ten klag - ten," Measure 2: "Doch die Ka - stra - ten klag - ten," Measure 3: "Doch die Ka - stra - ten klag - ten," Measure 4: "als ich mei - ne Stim - me er - hob, sie," Measure 5: "als ich mei - ne Stim - me er - hob, sie," Measure 6: "als ich mei - ne Stim - me er - hob, sie," Measure 7: "klag - - - - - ten und sie sag - ten:", Measure 8: "klag - - - - - ten und sie sag - ten:", Measure 9: "klag - - - - - ten und sie sag - ten:". There are various performance markings such as slurs, grace notes, and dynamic markings like forte (f), piano (p), and sforzando (sf).

1 2 3

Doch die Ka - stra - ten klag - ten,

4 5 6 A

als ich mei - ne Stim - me er - hob, sie

7 8 9

klag - - - - - ten und sie sag - ten:

10 (B) 11 12 13 (C)

Ich sän - ge viel zu grob. Und

14 15 16 (D)

lieb - lich er - ho - ben sie al - le die

17 18 19 (E) 20

klei - nen Stim - - me - lein, die Tril - ler - chen,

21 22 23 (F)

wie Kri - stal - le, sie

24 25 26 27 (G)

klan - gen so fein und rein. Sie

28 29 30 (H)

san - gen von Lie - bes - seh - nen, von

31 Lie - be und Lie - bes - er guss.
 32
 33
 34 (I) Die

35 Da - men schwam - men in Trä - - - nen bei
 36
 37
 38 (K)

39 sol - chem Kunst - ge - nuss.
 40
 41

Gaben mir Rat und gute Lehren

aus: "Die Heimkehr"

Johannes Hömberg "Fünf Heine-Lieder" 1993

Gaben mir Rat und gute Lehren,
überschütteten mich mit Ehren,
Sagten, daß ich nur warten sollt,
haben mich protegieren gewollt.

Aber bei all ihrem Protegieren
hätte ich können vor Hunger krepieren,
wär nicht gekommen ein braver Mann,
wacker nahm er sich meiner an.

Braver Mann! Er schafft mir zu essen!
Will es ihm nie und nimmer vergessen!
Schade, daß ich ihn nicht küssen kann!
Denn ich bin selbst dieser brave Mann.

Gaben mir Rat und gute Lehren

HWV 642,4

Allegro

1

2

3

4

5

6 A

7

Ga-ben mir Rat und gu-te Leh-ren,
ü-ber-schüt-te-ten mich mit Eh-ren,
sag-ten, dass ich nur war - - ten sollt,

8

ha - ben mich pro - te gie - ren ge - wollt.

9

(B)

ff A - ber bei all ih - rem Pro - te - gie - ren hät - te ich kön - nen vor

10

11

12

Meno mosso
dolce

13

Hun - ger kre - pie - ren.

14

Wär nicht ge - kom - men ein

15

16

bra - ver Mann, wa - cker nahm

17

18 (D)

19

er sich mei - ner an.

20

21

22 (E)

Bra - ver Mann! Er schafft mir zu es - sen,

23

24

25

26 (F)

Will es ihm nie und nim - mer ver - ges - sen!

27

28

29

30 (G) Tempo 1

Scha - de, dass ich ihn nicht küs - - - sen kann!

31

32 (H)

Denn ich bin selbst die - ser bra - ve Mann.

33

Und bist du erst mein ehlich Weib

aus: "Die Heimkehr LXXII"

Johannes Hömberg "Neue Heine-Lieder" 1997

Und bist du erst mein ehlich Weib,
dann bist du zu beneiden,
dann lebst du in lauter Zeitvertreib,
in lauter Pläsier und Freuden.

Und wenn du schiltst und wenn du tobst,
ich werd es geduldig leiden;
doch wenn du meine Lieder* nicht lobst,
laß ich mich von dir scheiden.

*Original: Verse

Und bist du erst mein ehlich Weib

HWV 767,4

1 2 3 4

Und bist du erst mein eh - lich Weib, dann

piano cantabile

5 6 7 8 (A)

bist du zu be - nei - den, dann

9 10 11 12 13 14

lebst du in lau - ter Zeit - ver - treib, in lau - ter Plä - sier und

I. H. I. H. I. H.

15

16

(B)

Freu - - - - - den, und

17

wenn du schiltst und wenn du

poco f

18

19

20

tobst, ich werd es ge - dul - dig lei -

21

22

23

Six Songs

Für Regina

Try to remember

1)

Try to remember
the kind of September
when life was young
and oh! so mellow;

Try to remember
the kind of September
when grass was green,
and grain was yellow.

Try to remember
the kind of September
when you were a tender
and callow fellow;

Try to remember,
and if you remember,
then follow, follow, follow!

2)

Try to remember
when life was so tender
that no one wept
except the willows.

Try to remember
when life was so tender
that dreams were kept
besides your pillow

Try to remember
when life was so tender
that love was an ember
about to billow.

Try to remember,
and if you remember,
then follow, follow, follow!

3)
Deep in December
it's nice to remember,
although you know
the snow will follow,

Deep in December
it's nice to remember
without a hurt
a heart is hallow.

Deep in December
it's nice to remember
the fire of September
that made us mellow.

Deep in December
our hearts should remember
and follow, follow, follow!

Try to remember

Tom Jones - Harvey Schmidt - Gene Puerling, based upon his marvellous
setting for mixed voices - Johannes Hömberg 27.8.1996

HWV 758

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is for the soprano voice, the middle staff for the alto voice, and the bottom staff for the basso continuo. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts enter at measure 1, 2, 3, and 4. The basso continuo part begins at measure 1 and continues throughout. The lyrics are as follows:

1. Try to re - mem - ber the kind of Sep - tem - ber, when
life grass was young, and' oh!, grain so was mel - low.
was green and' grain was yellow.

13 (B) Try to re - mem - ber the kind of Sep -

14

15

16 tem - ber, when you were a ten - der and

17

18

19 cal - low

20 fel - low.

21 (C) 22 23 24

Try to re - mem - ber, and if you re - mem - ber, then

25 26 27 28

fol - low, fol - low, fol - low!

29 (D) 30 31

2. Try to re - mem - ber, when life was so

32 33 34

ten - der, that
ten - der, that
no dreams
one were
wept, kept
ex - be -

35 36

cept sides
the your
wil pil - - low.
low.

37 (E) 38 39 40

Try to re - - mem - ber, when life was so ten - der, that

41 42 43 44

love was an em - ber a - bout to bil - low,

45 (F) 46 47 48

Try to re - mem - ber, and if you re - mem - ber, then

49 50 51 52

fol - low, fol - low, fol - low!

53 (G) 54 55 56

3. Deep in De - cem - ber it's nice to re - mem - ber al -

57 58 59 60

though out you a know hurt the a snow heart will is fol - low.
hal - low.

61 (H) 62 63 64

Deep in De - cem - ber it's nice to re - mem - ber the

65 fire of Sep - tem - ber, that made us mel - low,

66

67

68

69 (I) Deep in De - cem - ber our hearts should re - mem - ber and

70

71

72

73 fol - low,

74 fol - low,

75 fol -

76 low!

A Nightingale sang in Berkeley Square

That certain night, the night we met,
there was magic abroad in the air,
there were angels dining at the Ritz,
and a nightingale sang in Berkeley Square.

I may be right, I may be wrong,
but I'm perfectly willing to swear
that when we kissed and said goodbye
a nightingale sang in Berkeley Square.

The moon that lingered over London town,
poor puzzled moon, he wore a frown,
oh how could he know we two were so in love!
The whole darn world seemed upside down!

The streets of town were paved with stars,
it was such a romantic affair,
and as we kissed and said goodbye
a nightingale sang in Berkeley Square.

A Nightingale sang in Berkeley Square für Regina
 Eric Maschwitz - Manning Sherwin - Gene Perling, based upon his marvellous
 setting for mixed voices - Johannes Hömberg 29.8.1996

HWV 628

The musical score consists of three staves of music. Staff 1 (Treble) starts with a rest (measures 1-4), followed by a vocal line (measures 5-11). Staff 2 (Bass) provides harmonic support throughout. Staff 3 (Bass) also provides harmonic support, particularly in measures 5-8.

Measures 1-4: Treble staff has rests. Bass staff has rests. Bass staff has rests.

Measure 5: Treble staff: *ad lib. mit Klaviermelodie summen*. Bass staff: C_4 .

Measure 6: Treble staff: D_4 , E_4 , F_4 . Bass staff: G_3 , A_3 , B_3 .

Measure 7: Treble staff: G_4 , A_4 , B_4 . Bass staff: C_3 , D_3 , E_3 .

Measure 8: Treble staff: C_4 , D_4 , E_4 . Bass staff: G_3 , A_3 , B_3 .

Measure 9: Treble staff: D_4 , E_4 , F_4 , G_4 . Bass staff: C_3 , D_3 , E_3 , F_3 .

Measure 10: Treble staff: A_4 , B_4 , C_4 , D_4 . Bass staff: G_3 , A_3 , B_3 , C_3 .

Measure 11: Treble staff: E_4 , F_4 , G_4 , A_4 . Bass staff: D_3 , E_3 , F_3 , G_3 .

Text:

certain night, the night we met, there was magic a-broad in the

12 (D) 13 14 (E)

air, there were an - gels di - ning at the Ritz, and a

15 16 17

night - in - gale sang in Berke - ley Square.

18 (F) 19 20 21 3 21 3

I may be right, I may be wrong, but I'm per-fec-tly wil-ling to

22 (G) 23 24

swear, that when we kissed and said good - bye,

a

25 (H) 26 27

night - in - gale sang in Berke - ley Square.

Square.

28 (I) 29 30 31 (J) 32 33 34 35

ad lib. mitsummen

ad lib. mitsummen

36 (K) 37 38


The moon that linge-red o-ver Lon-don town, poor puzz-led moon, he

39 40 (L) 41 42 (M)


wore a frown, oh, how could he know we two were so in love! The

42 43 44 (N)


whole darn world seemed up-side down! The streets of town were

45

paved with stars, it was such a ro - man - tic af -

46

3

47

O 48 49 P

fair, and as we kissed and said good - bye a

50 51 52 Q 53 R

night-in-gale sang in Berke - ley Square, a night-in-gale sang, a

54

55

(S)

night - in - gale sang ... The streets of town were

56

57

paved with stars, it was such ³
ro - man - tic af -

58

59

(T) 59

fair, and as we kissed and said good - bye a

60

(U)

61

night - in - gale sang in Berke - ley Square.

62

63

$\frac{3}{4}$

64 (V)

ad lib. gesummt

65

66

67 (W)

A

68

Night - in - gale sang in Berke - ley Square.

69

70

As time goes by

This day and age we're living in
gives cause for apprehension,
with speed and new invention,
and things like third dimension.
Yet, we get a trifle weary,
with Mister Einsteins the'ry.
So we must get down to earth,
at times relax, relieve the tension.
No matter what the progress,
or what may yet be proved.
The simple facts of life are such
they cannot be removed.

You must remember this,
a kiss is still a kiss,
a sigh is still a sigh.
The fundamental things apply,
as time goes by.

And when two lovers woo,
they still say: "I love you",
on that you can rely.
No matter what the future brings,
as time goes by.

Moonlight and lovesongs
never out of date,
hearts full of passion,
jealousy and hate;
woman needs man,
and man must have his mate,
that no one can deny.
It's still the same old story,
a fight for love and glory,
a case of do or die.

The world will always welcome lovers,
as time goes by.

Wie Zeit vergeht

Die Zeit, in der wir leben,
ist die schnellste der Äonen,
mit Ionen und Neutronen
und "Dritten Dimensionen".
Doch wir möchten lieber fliehen
vor Einsteins Theorien,
mit den Beinen auf der Erde,
ganz entspannt, ohne Beschwerde.
Ganz gleich was uns der "Fortschritt"
und "Neues Denken" lehrt:
Das Einfache im Leben
hat noch immer seinen Wert:

Was man bedenken muß:
Ein Kuß bleibt stets ein Kuß,
ein Seufzer, der verweht.
Was wichtig für uns ist, besteht,
wie Zeit vergeht!

Wer liebt, sagt ewiglich:
"Mein Herz, ich liebe Dich"
solang die Welt besteht,
was immer uns die Zukunft bringt,
wie Zeit vergeht.

Mondlicht und Lieder
röhren alle Zeit
Herzen voll Liebe,
Eifersucht und Leid.
Sie will nur ihn,
und er will seine Maid,
solang die Welt besteht.
Die alten, lieben Lieder
erzählen immer wieder,
was jeder Mensch versteht:

Die Welt liebt immer die, die lieben,
wie Zeit vergeht!

As Time Goes By For Regina
Herman Hupfeld 1931 (!) - Johannes Hömberg 9.9.1996

HWV 760

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is for the treble clef voice, the middle staff is for the bass clef voice, and the bottom staff is for the bass clef bassoon or cello. The music is in common time (indicated by '4'). The first section starts with measures 1 through 3. Measure 1 has a single eighth note followed by a fermata. Measures 2 and 3 are blank. The second section begins at measure 4, indicated by a circled 'A'. The lyrics are: "This day and age we're living in gives cause for apprehension, with speed and new invention, and". The bassoon part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

1 2 3

4 5 6 7

(A)

This day and age we're living in gives

cause for apprehension, with speed and new invention, and

8

things like third di-men-sion. Yet, we get a tri-fle wea-ry, with

9

(B)

10

Mis-ter Ein-steins the'-ry, so we must get down to earth, at times re-

11

12

lax, re-lieve the ten-sion. No mat-ter what the pro-gress, or

(C) 13

14

what may yet be proved. The sim-ple facts of life are such they can-not be re-moved. You

15

16

(D)

17 Refrain

18

must re - mem - ber this, a kiss is still a kiss, a

19

20

(E)

sigh ist just a sigh. The

21

fun - da - men - tal things ap - ply, as time goes by.

22

23

24

(F) 25 And when two lo - vers woo, they still say: "I love You", on

26

27

that you can re-ly.

28

No mat - ter what the fu - ture

29

30

31

32

brings, as time goes by.

33 (G) Moon - light and love songs ne-ver out of date, hearts full of pas - sion,

39 40 41

(I)

no one can de - ny. It's still the same old sto - ry, a

42 43 44 (J)

fight for love and glo - ry, a case of do or die. The

45 46 47 48 49

¹ ²

world will al - ways wel - come lo - vers, as time goes by. You by.

All the things you are

You are the promised kiss of springtime
that makes the lonely winter seem long.
You are the breathless hush of evening
that trembles on the brink of a lovely song.

You are the angel glow
that light a star,
the dearest things I know
are what you are, oh,

Some day my happy arms will hold you
and some day I'll know the moment divine,
when all the things you are, are mine.

All The Things You Are (Hammerstein/Kern 1939)

Hommage à JSB WTK I, 1a - Tiefe Fassung in G

HWV 815,a

1 2 3 4

Erleichterte Fassung (in Halben oder Vierteln):

5 (A) 6 7

You are the pro - mised kiss of

8 9 10 11 12

spring-time, that makes the lone - ly win-ter seem long.

simile

(B)

13 14 15 16

You are the breath - less hush of eve - ning, that

17 18 19

trem - bles on the brink of a love - ly song.

(C)

20 21 22 23

You are the an - gel glow that light a star,

24 25 26 27 28

the dear-est things I know dre what your are. Oh,

29 (D) 30 31 32

some day my hap - py arms will hold you and

33 34 35 36

some day I'll know the mo - ment di - vine, when

37 (E)

38

39

40

all the things you are, are mine.

78 2.

79 (F)

80

are, are mine.

81

82

81

82

All the things you are

Hohe Fassung in C

All The Things You Are - 1. Fassung in C
 (Hammerstein/Kern 1939) - Johannes Hömberg 1999 - Hommage à JSB

HWV 815,b

5 Erleichterte Fassung (in Halben oder Vierteln):

6

You are the promised kiss of simile

spring-time, that makes the lone-ly win-ter seem long.

13 (B) 14 15 16 17 18 19

You are the breath-less hush of eve-ning, that tremb-les on the brink of a love-ly song.

(C)

20 21 22 23 24 25

You are the an-gel glow that light a star, the dear-est things I know

26 27 28 29 (D) 30 31 32 33 34.

are what you are, oh, some day my hap-py arms will hold you and some day I'll

35 36 37 38 39 40

know the mo-ment de - vine, when all the things you are, are mine.

(E)

1.

2.

78 79 80

are, are mine!

81 82

I'm a fool, to love you!

I'm a fool, to want you!
I'm a fool, to want you!
to want a love, that can't be true,
a love that's there for others too.

I'm a fool, to hold you!
Such a fool to hold you!
To seek a kiss, not mine alone
to share a kiss, the devil has known.

1. ||: Time and time again I said I leave you
Time and time again I went away.
When would come the time, when I wouldn't need you
And once again these words I'll have to say:

I'm a fool, to want you!
Pity me, I need you!
I know it's wrong, it must be wrong
but right or wrong, I can't get along
without you! :||

2. ||: Time and time again I said I leave you
Time and time again I went away.
When would come the time, when I wouldn't need you ?
And once again, these words I have to say:

Take me back, I love you
Pity me, I need you!
I know it's wrong, it must be wrong
but right or wrong, I can't get along
without you! :||

I'm a fool, to love you!
Für Regina von Johannes Hömberg, 22.7.2001

HWV 885

Musical score for "I'm a fool, to love you!" featuring three staves of music with lyrics.

The score consists of three staves:

- Staff 1 (Treble Clef):** Contains measures 1 through 4. Measure 1 has a fermata over the first note. Measures 2, 3, and 4 have fermatas over the first note. Measure 4 includes a circled "A" above the notes and the text "1. - 3. I'm a fool, to".
- Staff 2 (Treble Clef):** Contains measures 1 through 4. Measures 1, 2, and 3 have fermatas over the first note. Measure 4 has a fermata over the first note and a circled "A" above the notes. The text "coll' ottava" is written below the staff.
- Staff 3 (Bass Clef):** Contains measures 1 through 4. Measures 1, 2, and 3 have fermatas over the first note. Measure 4 has a fermata over the first note and a circled "A" above the notes. The text "coll' ottava" is written below the staff.

The score continues with three more staves:

- Staff 5 (Treble Clef):** Contains measures 5, 6, and 7. The lyrics "want you!" are written below the staff.
- Staff 6 (Treble Clef):** Contains measures 5, 6, and 7. The lyrics "I'm a fool to want you!" are written below the staff. The text "colla 8va sempre" is written below the staff.
- Staff 7 (Bass Clef):** Contains measures 5, 6, and 7. The lyrics "I'm a fool to want you!" are written below the staff. The text "colla 8va sempre" is written below the staff.

The score concludes with three more staves:

- Staff 8 (Treble Clef):** Contains measures 8, 9, and 10. The lyrics "to want a love, that can't be true, a love that's" are written below the staff.
- Staff 9 (Treble Clef):** Contains measures 8, 9, and 10. The lyrics "to want a love, that can't be true, a love that's" are written below the staff.
- Staff 10 (Bass Clef):** Contains measures 8, 9, and 10. The lyrics "to want a love, that can't be true, a love that's" are written below the staff.

11

there for o-thers too! I'm a fool to hold you!

12

(B)

13

colla 8^{va} sempre

14

such a fool to hold you! to seek a

15

16

17

kiss, not mine a - lone, to share a kiss, the de-vil has known.

18

19

20

21 (C) 22 23 24

Time and time a-gain I said I'll leave you, time and time a-gain I went a-way!

25 26 27

When would come the time when I wouldn't need you, and once a-gain these words I'll have to

28 (D) 29 30 31

say: I'm a fool to want you! pi-ty me: I need you!

colla8va sempre

32 33 34

I know it's wrong,
it must be wrong,
but right or

35 36 37

wrong,
I can't get a - long
with - out you!

38 39 40

(E)

Time and time a-gain I said I'll leave you,
time and time a-gain I went a-

41

way!

When would come the time when I would leave you, and

42

43

44

once a-gain these words I'll have to say: I'm a fool to want you!

45

46

(F)

colla 8va sempre

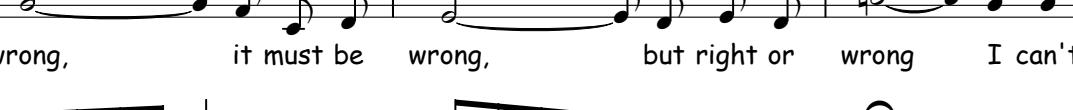
47

pi-ty me: I need you!

I know it's

48

49

50 wrong,
 it must be wrong,
 but right or wrong
 I can't get a -


Musical score for piano and voice. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time signature. Measure 53 starts with a half note followed by a eighth note tied to a sixteenth note. Measure 54 begins with a sixteenth note followed by a eighth note tied to a sixteenth note. The lyrics "long with - out you!" are written below the notes. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features sustained notes across measure lines.

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measure 55 starts with a whole rest followed by a forte dynamic. Measure 56 contains a single eighth note. Measure 57 is a repeat of measure 56. Measure 58 begins with a half note, followed by a melodic line in the treble staff and harmonic notes in the bass staff.

What's new?

What's new?
How is the world treating you?
You haven't changed a bit
handsome as ever, I must admit.

What's new?
How did that romance come through?
We haven't met since then.
Gee, but it's nice, to see you again!

What's new?
Probably I'm boring you
but seeing you is grand
and you were sweet to offer your hand

I understand, I do!
Pardon my asking: what's new?
of course you couldn't know-
I haven't changed: I still love you so!

What's New

HWV 814

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff uses treble clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff bass clef.

Measure 1: The first measure contains a single note on the G line followed by a rest. The second measure contains a rest. The third measure begins with a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "What's" are written below the staff.

Measure 2: The first measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The second measure contains a rest. The third measure begins with a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "What's" are written below the staff.

Measure 3: The first measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "new?" are written below the staff. The second measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "How How" are written below the staff. The third measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "is did" are written below the staff. The fourth measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "the that" are written below the staff. The fifth measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "world ro -" are written below the staff. The sixth measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "trea mance -" are written below the staff. The seventh measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "ting come" are written below the staff.

Measure 5: The first measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "you? through?" are written below the staff. The second measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "You We hav - en't" are written below the staff. The third measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "changed met" are written below the staff. The fourth measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "since" are written below the staff.

Measure 6: The first measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "You We hav - en't" are written below the staff. The second measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "changed met" are written below the staff. The third measure contains a sharp sign on the A line, followed by a sharp sign on the C line, and a sharp sign on the E line. The lyrics "since" are written below the staff.

7

bit then hand - some as e - ver I see must ad - mit.
Gee, but it's nice to you a - gain.

10. 11 (B)

What's What's

12

new? Pro - bab - ly I'm bo - ring

14

15

16

you, but see - ing you is grand

17

18

and you were sweet to of - fer your hand.

19

20

I un-der - stand: I do!

21

(C)

Par - don my as - king: What's

22
 new?
 Of course you could - n't know,

23
 24

25 1.
 I hav - en't changed: I still love you so. I
 26
 3

27 2.
 I hav - en't changed: I still love you so.
 28
 3